



PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference PCT1868-00936/h	FOR FURTHER ACTION		cation of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No. PCT/EP2003/006488	International filing date (day/n 18 June 2003 (18.06		Priority date (day/month/year) 18 June 2002 (18.06.2002)
International Patent Classification (IPC) or n. A23L 1/36, 1/20, 1/212, 1/275, C		3, 2/02, A23F	`
Applicant WILI	D FLAVORS BERLIN GI	MBH & CO). KG
and is transmitted to the applicant ac 2. This REPORT consists of a total of This report is also accompaniamended and are the basis for	ccording to Article 36. 6 sheets, including the day ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the day and	ng this cover s f the descriptioning rectifica	heet. on, claims and/or drawings which have been tions made before this Authority (see Rule
These annexes consist of a to	tal of sheets.		
IV Lack of unity of inv V Reasoned statement citations and explan VI Certain documents of the company of the	of opinion with regard to novelt ention under Article 35(2) with regard ations supporting such statemen	to novelty, in	ep and industrial applicability ventive step or industrial applicability;
Date of submission of the demand	Date o	Date of completion of this report	
19 December 2003 (19.1	2.2003)	03 No	ovember 2004 (03.11.2004)
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Autho	rized officer	
Facsimile No.	Teleph	ione No.	

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (July 1998)

Translation



International approation No.

PCT/EP2003/006488

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1.	With	regard to	the elements of the international application:*	
		the inte	mational application as originally filed	
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		pages	C1. 3 - 13. 11. 1	
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2.	the in	iternatio e elemer	o the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in whi nal application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. ts were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which i	
	H		guage of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).	
	H		guage of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).	
	Ш	or 55.3	•	
3.	With	minary e	to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the internation xamination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:	al
	닏		ned in the international application in written form.	
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			tatement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the tributation as filed has been furnished.	ne
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4.	\boxtimes	The ar	nendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
			the description, pages	
		$\overline{\boxtimes}$	the claims, Nos. 9-11	
			the drawings, sheets/fig	
5.			port has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to gethe disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**	30
*	in th	icement is repor 70.17).	sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred t as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rule 70.1	to 16
**	Any r	replacen	ent sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.	
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International aution No.
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Reasoned statement under Article 3 citations and explanations supporting	5(2) with regard to novelong such statement	ty, inventive step or industrial applica	ability;
Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	2,6,8	YES
	Claims	1,3,4,5,7	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES
	Claims	2,6,8	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-8	YES
	Claims		NO

- 2. Citations and explanations
 - 1. Reference is made to the following documents:
 - D1: KUCUK M M: 'Liquefaction of hazelnut seed coat by supercritical gas extraction', ENERGY CONVERSION AND MANAGEMENT, ELSEVIER SCIENCE PUBLISHERS, OXFORD, GB, Vol. 36, No. 2, 1 February 1995 (1995-02-01), pages 145-148, XP004040058 ISSN 0196-8904
 - D2: US-A-2 510 119 (LATHROP ELBERT C) 6 June 1950 (1950-06-06)
 - D3: US-A-4 481 226 (NESHEIWAT DONNA M ET AL.) 6 November 1984 (1984-11-06)
 - D5: DATABASE FSTA [Online] INTERNATIONAL FOOD
 INFORMATION SERVICE (IFIS), FRANKFURT/MAIN, DE;
 MATHEW A G ET AL.: 'Polyphenols of cashew kernel
 testa.' Database accession no. 70-4-11-j1267
 XP002253440 & JOURNAL OF FOOD SCIENCE 1970
 CENTRAL FOOD TECHNOLOGIES RES. INST., MYSORE,
 INDIA, Vol. 35, No. 2, pages 140-143
 - D6: DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 197743 Derwent
 Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class D13, AN
 1977-76658Y XP002253442 & JP 52 109529 A (EZAKI
 GLICO CO), 13 September 1977 (1977-09-13)
 - D8: US-A-4 383 833 (HOFFMANN PAUL) 17 May 1983

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(1983-05-17)

D11: US-A-5 908 650 (RICHHEIMER STEVEN L ET AL.)

1 June 1999 (1999-06-01)

D12 was not cited in the international search report.

D12: JP-A-56145955 (abstract, Patent Abstracts of Japan)

- The application is directed to a dry extract of roasted membranes or remains of the fruit of nuts or pulses (claims 1 and 2), a method for producing said extract (claims 3 and 4), and various uses of said extract (claims 5 to 8).
- D12 discloses the production of a dry extract from roasted tamarind membranes. Tamarinds are classed as pulses. This extract is obtained by removal of the solvent (EtOH), i.e. by evaporation. This extract is intended to be used as a colouring. The production of the extract therefore corresponds to the production of a dry extract according to the invention (see examples 1 and 6). In the opinion of the Examining Authority, the term "dry extract" does not automatically imply the presence of a powder but only the virtually complete absence of a solvent. Furthermore, the water content of the dry extracts according to the invention is not defined.

The subject matter of claims 1, 3, 4, 5 and 7 is therefore anticipated.

4. Inventive step (PCT Article 33(3))

4.1 Claims 1 to 2

The conversion of the D12 extract into a powder, if this should be claimed, is common practice for a person skilled in the art, since a longer shelf life or better handling can thereby be achieved. Both D7 and D8 disclose, for example, different methods for the production and use of a natural colouring matter extract (D7, page 4; example 4, example 6; D8, columns 2 to 3).

The properties of the extract are inherent, which means that the extract will always exhibit a film-forming property if it is used in this way (see, for example, the examples in the application).

D2 discloses the production of a colouring extract from membranes of nuts of the genera *Hicora* or *Corylus* (probably especially *Corylus maxima/Filbert*) using conventional methods. The membranes can be obtained from the "inner lining of the shell" or "partitions between sections of nut meats") (column 2, lines 13 to 26; column 3, lines 50 to 67; column 6, lines 16 to 23).

As also indicated in the description, nuts are roasted with testa attached. This roasted testa is produced as a by-product if lighter nut meat is required (see D1, page 146, and also page 2 of the description).

In the light of D2, together with general common knowledge in the art and D1, it is considered obvious to produce a dry extract from roasted hazelnut membranes, especially the testa.

In view of their origin, the claimed extracts contain polyphenols, which belong to different substance classes and are coloured either in monomer form, e.g. flavonols and anthocyans, or in the polymerised state, e.g. cinnamic acid, coumarin or benzoic acid derivatives, and/or catechols. These polymerisation reactions, and hence colour intensification, are affected by the presence of atmospheric oxygen and/or by temperature, e.g. roasting. This is generally known to a person skilled in the art.

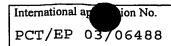
The subject matter of claims 1 and 2 does not therefore involve an inventive step.

4.2 Claims 3 and 4 The same arguments apply as those applicable to claims 3 and 4 under point 4.1.

4.3 Claims 5 to 8

The use of an extract of roasted nut membranes for colouring purposes is suggested to a person skilled in the art by the prior art and general common knowledge in the art (see D2 in combination with general common knowledge in the art). The subject matter of claims 5 and 7 is therefore suggested by D2 in combination with general common knowledge in the art.

Claim 6 is directed to a use for the stabilisation of anthocyans and/or anthocyanidines. Different substances from the class of polyphenols have already been used to stabilise these aforementioned colouring matters (see, for example, D3 or D11 and



literature cited therein): In D11, for example, an extract of peanut hulls was successfully used to stabilise anthocyans. It is therefore considered obvious to a person skilled in the art to use the D12 extract to stabilise these unstable colouring matters. The same applies to an extract of roasted nut membranes.

In the light of common practice in the art of colouring, the application of the colouring matter extract to foodstuff surfaces or other surfaces cannot be considered inventive with respect to D12 (claim 8). The same applies to an extract of roasted nut membranes.

5. Claims 1 to 8 satisfy the requirements of PCT Article 33(4).